

# U. S. WARNED BY CARRANZA OF VILLA RAID

## Mexican Army, Beaten, Looks to Americans to Shield Border

### TROOPS READY FOR DASH

#### Bandit Reported on Victorious Rampage Headed Toward North

### Border Towns Broiling Under 114 Temperature

EL PASO, July 7.—Excessive heat is reported from towns along the Mexican frontier today. From Yuma, Ari., come dispatches stating that the temperature there is 114 degrees and that this prevailed throughout that section of the country. Also reports from Phoenix, Ari., give the temperature there as 110.

These temperatures convey an idea of the intense heat which the United States soldiers, especially the national guardsmen have encountered on the border. Yuma is near the California-Mexico line. Added to the intense heat are the blinding dust storms on the Mexican front. These, however, are somewhat abated with the approach of the rainy season.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—Mexican Ambassador-designate Arredondo, acting upon instructions from Mexico City, today notified the State Department that a large Villista band attacked the Carranza garrison at Corralitos, near Jimenez, State of Chihuahua, Wednesday, almost destroying it.

Fearing the band might take to the desert, Carranza has asked the State Department to have the American border watched on the American side between Boquillas and Ojinaga to prevent a raid. Carranza has promised to do his utmost on the Mexican side to intercept such an attempt if made.

In order to avoid delay the embassy telephoned the information to the State Department as soon as it was received, and shortly after sent a formal written communication.

The new position assumed by General Carranza and his advisers was a distinct relief to the United States. Orders immediately were rushed to the various commanders all along the line to keep their troops ready for any eventuality.

### SITUATION SERIOUS.

The orders to Arredondo to announce that the situation was serious came direct from General Carranza. According to an official statement issued by the Mexican Embassy the Carranza garrison at Corralitos was almost "destroyed" by an attack from the Villistas. Whether Villa was in personal command is not yet known, although Administration officials feel certain that he was.

Attention in the announcement by the Embassy that General Carranza has agreed to "exercise all possible vigilance" south of the border was pleasing to officials here. The warning was received by Secretary of State Lansing and President Wilson while the Cabinet was in session. It was accepted as indicating a "complete change of heart" by the de facto Government, and the Cabinet officials are understood to have agreed that, coupled with the latest declaration of principles by Carranza, it indicated that there would be no obstacle raised in the way of a complete settlement of the issues at stake by diplomatic measures.

In discussing the communication he received from Carranza, Arredondo said:

I have brought to your attention of the State Department the fact that a large band of Villistas attacked our garrison at Corralitos on Wednesday, almost destroying it. Fearing that this band might try to penetrate the desert as far as the border and cause further difficulties between Mexico and the United States, General Carranza has directed the attention of the American Government so that all possible vigilance may be exercised on the

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### THE WEATHER

An absent-minded man entered a store in West Philadelphia hurriedly and said he wanted to see a pair of gold cuff buttons. The proprietor of the place looked at him in amazement. Not until then did the customer realize that he was in a butcher's shop. But the place was so fancy looking that he was completely deceived. Steaks and chops were on fancy plates surrounded with roses, and choice bits of veal and pork were encased in settings of parsley and peppers. The whole display savored of an art exhibition. This was no exaggeration in view of the prices asked for the wares within. With the price of beef steadily soaring, it is not unlikely that it will eventually reach a point at which it can be used in an artistic way. An exhibition of choice steaks and chops may some day be a great attraction. A lecturer well versed in beefology could tell the history of beef and pork, and back back to the days when persons used to eat it with their meals.

### FORECAST

For Philadelphia and vicinity—Fair tonight; Saturday increasing cloudiness; moderately warm; gentle, variable winds.

### LOST AND FOUND

Lost—English setter dog, strayed from 2311 N. Second St., Philadelphia, on July 6. Reward if returned to above address.

Found—Lost, Tuesday, June 27, a gentleman's heavy chain, six feet, with three diamonds. Finder, Mr. J. J. D. D., 10th St., Philadelphia, advised that the chain was returned to 2311 N. Second St.

Other Lost and Found Ads on Page 14

## MAN-EATING SHARK OF VARIETY WHICH INFESTS ATLANTIC



This fish, weighing 600 pounds, was caught off the Cuban coast by Godfrey S. Mahn, the cigar importer, and a boating party, which was towed two miles before the shark weakened. This is believed to be one of the species now haunting the Jersey coast.

## U. S. REPLY TO CARRANZA NOTE

WASHINGTON, July 7.—The note delivered today by Secretary Lansing to Ambassador Arredondo in reply to that received Tuesday from Foreign Minister Aguilar follows:

Sir—I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your communication of July 4, 1916, in which you transcribe a note addressed to me by the Secretary of Foreign Relations of your Government and to request that you transmit to him the following reply:

Mr. Secretary—I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your courteous note transmitted to me by Senor Arredondo on the fourth instant in which you refer to my notes of June 20 and June 25, and to assure you of the sincere gratification of my Government at the frank statement of the difficulties which have unfortunately arisen in our relations along the international boundary and the unreserved expression of the desire of your Government to reach an adjustment of these difficulties on a broad and amicable basis.

The same spirit of friendship and of solicitude for the continuance of cordial relations between our two countries inspires my Government, which equally desires an immediate solution of the matter of difference which have long vexed both Governments.

It is especially pleasing to my Government that the de facto Government of Mexico is disposed to give quick as well as practical consideration in a spirit of concord to the remedies which may be applied to the existing condition. Reciprocating the same desire, the Government of the United States is prepared immediately to exchange views as to a practical plan to remove finally and prevent a recurrence of the difficulties which have been the source of controversy.

Accept, Mr. Secretary, the renewed assurance of my highest consideration. I am, sir, yours very sincerely,

ROBERT LANSING.

## FIRST BRIGADE WAITS AT EL PASO FOR CALL

### Three Philadelphia Regiments at Fort Bliss Ready to Go to Pershing's Aid

By CARL L. ZEISBERG  
Evening Ledger Staff Correspondent

EL PASO, Tex., July 7.—The 1st Brigade, of Philadelphia, its tents spread at Camp Pershing, Fort Bliss, awaits orders. "No instructions other than those governing the establishment of camps for the 1st, 2d and 3d Regiments have been received by Brigadier General Price, but it is generally understood and accepted that the three regiments comprising the brigade are being held in reserve for General Pershing's forces.

A vigorous impression it was that the Philadelphia troops made upon the military city of El Paso. Army regulars, civilians and even the newspaper men in praising their appearance and in commenting on the superiority of the men and their equipment. "Regulars" was the common thought of all who saw them, until their untanned skin, betraying indoor work, was noted.

The three regiments, "the best soldier material in camp," today began a course of light drill which is rapidly removing the only obstacle between them and their qualification to do the work of regulars. The severity of the drill will be increased gradually as the men "unkink" from their long journey. Faces and arms, turning red under the blistering yet healthful rays of an overhead sun, were blossoming everywhere.

General Price today criticized the means by which his troops were transported more than half way across the continent. "The guardsmen from other States were brought here in tourist cars," he said. "Pennsylvania's soldiers were forced to ride in crowded day coaches with water and light at a premium at times."

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## RUSSO-JAPANESE PACT MADE PUBLIC IN TOKIO

### Neither Shall Join Any Alliance Against Other—Mutual Defense Included

TOKIO, July 7.—Japan and Russia are now joined in a treaty of alliance, it was officially announced today by the Foreign Office. The announcement says:

"The substance of the Russo-Japanese treaty is that neither power shall join any political combination against the other. If the territorial interests of either power are menaced both shall consult for their common interests and joint defense."

It is understood that subsidiary conventions will be published shortly. Japanese share brokers held a lantern procession around the Russian embassy last night to celebrate the event.

## MAYOR AND M'NICHOL HOLD HARMONY CONFERENCE

### General Plans for United Fight for Party Discussed

Following the plans for harmony at the coming election as advocated at a recent meeting of the Republican City Committee, Senator McNichol and Mayor Smith had a short conference this afternoon, in the course of which they discussed general plans for a united fight for the party ticket.

The Mayor was one of the Mayor's first callers. Asked if he had sent for the Senator, the Mayor said that he had not. "If he is here," he added, "I want to see him."

They conferred for about an hour. After the conference the Senator was asked if it had been a harmony talk.

"Doesn't it look like harmony," he replied, "when in the congressional district in which I live we named a Progressive as our electoral choice for the Republican presidential ballot."

Questioned as to details, the Senator said, "We discussed the general political situation."

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## SHARKS' RAVAGES ON JERSEY COAST PUZZLE TO SCIENCE

### Two Fatalities at Shore Rouse Speculation as to Cause

### FISH OFFAL IS BLAMED

#### Presence of Sharks on Coast of New Jersey Accounted For

1. Menhaden fishers dump food fish taken in nets back into waters in vicinity of Delaware Breakwater.
2. Shifting course of Gulf Stream westward may have lured tropical and deep-sea fish further inshore and northward.
3. Scarcity of food fish supply in native waters compels foraging in more distant regions.
4. Firing of great guns in artillery action along other parts of coast forces fish to seek shelter of many bays and harbors of Jersey coast.
5. Submarine and other naval activities on European side of Atlantic drive sharks in greater number to western or American coasts.
6. Curtailment of ocean travel to and from American ports due to war conditions with consequent lessening of disturbance lures sharks further away from usual haunts.

Savants in this city, whether of natural history or geography and hydrography, are profoundly interested in the recent fatalities to bathers on the New Jersey coast through attacks by sharks.

The sharks, whose man-eating proclivities cost the lives of Charles E. Vansant, of this city at Beach Haven last Saturday, and Charles Bruder, a heliport at Spring Lake yesterday, are believed to have been of the West Indian variety.

Authorities on the subjects mentioned admit that at the present time they are without sufficient information to explain the appearance of the sea monsters so far inland and northward at a point remote from their usual habitat. Several theories advanced, however, find supporters and opponents.

One of the chief reasons for the present appearance of sharks in the vicinity of Island Heights and other central bathing beaches of the Jersey coast is that the menhaden fishers are to blame. It is the custom of these fleets to gather in their great nets thousands of fish of all sorts in every cast.

These are taken aboard the boats and food fishes, in accordance with the United States law forbidding their capture, are thrown overboard. This operation, in many cases, it is said, is completed with until the boats are virtually in harbor at the Delaware Breakwater or the fertilizing plants at Leves. The food fish, cast back into their native element, are consequently unusually numerous at the mouth of Delaware Bay and in the Atlantic at places nearby, particularly the many little bays and inlets that mark the entire coast of New Jersey.

### APPEARANCE UNUSUAL.

Whether man-eating sharks ever come to temperate waters is a question which has never been proved. Rewards have been offered by newspapers and scientific societies

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## QUICK NEWS

### FOSTER RETIRED FROM I. C. S. PRESIDENCY

SCRANTON, Pa., July 7.—Thomas J. Foster, founder of the International Correspondence Schools, failed of re-election as president when the board of directors met for reorganization today. Ralph E. Weeks, ex-president of the Scranton Board of Trade and prominent business man, was made president. He was appointed vice president when local banks went to the rescue of the schools, some months ago. Mr. Foster is to continue in the employ of the schools, being made chairman of the directors.

### VILLA RECRUITING AGENTS AT WORK NEAR PERSHING

COLUMBUS, N. M., July 7.—Villa agents are recruiting in large numbers south of the American expedition's advanced base, according to stories brought here today. The marauder's recruiting agencies have been working among the Carranzista troops at Villa Ahumada and other garrisons, encouraging desertion to the bandit's leader's army. They used the argument that Carranza is in league with the United States.

### AQUEDUCT RACING RESULTS

First race, 3-year-olds and up, selling, mile—Rae B. 95, E. Campbell, 20 to 1.8 to 1 and 4 to 1, won; Wconah, 100, Garner, 9 to 5, 7 to 10 and 2 to 5, second; Jesse, Jr., 103, 4 to 1.2 to 1 and even, third. Time, 1:39 4-5.

### BRIDGE PAINTER HIT BY TRAIN; ONE KILLED

Dayton Dickinson, a painter, of Philadelphia, whose address is unknown, was killed and Joseph Turner, of Glassboro, also a painter, was injured this morning, when they were struck by an express train on the Delaware River bridge at the Mount Holly cut-off, near Glassboro. Turner was taken to the Cooper Hospital in Camden. He is severely bruised.

### CARRIZAL HERO'S BODY ON WAY TO WASHINGTON

EL PASO, Tex., July 7.—Escorted by a detachment from the 8th Cavalry, the body of Captain Charles T. Boyd, a hero of the battle of Carrizal, was placed aboard a train today for shipment to Washington, D. C. K. D. Klem, of Kansas City, Mo., brother-in-law of Captain Boyd, accompanied the body. The bodies of Lieutenant Henry Adair and seven negro cavalymen are being held here for instruction from relatives. Services for the dead were held at an undertaking chapel this morning.

### NEARLY \$41,000 PREMIUM ON \$5,000,000 LOAN

The premiums realized by the city on the sale of \$5,000,000 worth of 30-year 4 per cent. bonds on June 30 total \$40,857.65. Settlement in full for the loan awards was made today by the banking houses and individuals who offered the highest premiums for the issue and the amounts paid were deposited to the city's credit in local depositories. The money is now available and will be used to meet payments on transit contracts and on other municipal undertakings.

### TO EXCHANGE CIVILIAN CAPTIVES

COPENHAGEN, July 7.—England and Germany have agreed to an exchange of civilian prisoners, according to information received by Americans here today. The exchange will affect many thousand Germans who were interned in England after the Lusitania sinking, and a large number of English civilians in German internment camps.

### WORK RUSHED ON DAMAGED GERMAN WARSHIPS

COPENHAGEN, July 7.—The German men-of-war Seydlitz, Markgraf, Stuttgart, Muenchen and Kaiser, which were damaged in the sea battle with the British fleet off Jutland, are in the shipyards on the Elbe River being repaired. The navy workmen are under orders to work at top speed.

### 90 MISSING; \$2,000,000 LOSS IN GULF HURRICANE

NEW ORLEANS, July 7.—More than 90 persons missing, one steamship and several sailing craft lost and property damage exceeding \$2,000,000, is the estimated toll of the 85-mile gale that started along the Gulf coast last Wednesday. Details of the losses are drifting in as communication is re-established with outside points. Heavy damage was done sailing craft and steam vessels in Mobile harbor. Four persons, two of them whites, are known to have been drowned. It is feared others may have perished. The damage throughout the city proper, it is believed, will be about \$250,000.

### WEST PHILADELPHIA WATER PROBLEM SOLVED

There will be no muddy and vile smelling water in West Philadelphia after today. Chief Carleton E. Davis, of the Water Bureau, made that assertion this afternoon in reply to inquiries concerning the poor water in this section of the city. He said the George's Hill reservoir, which supplies West Philadelphia, was out of service for a month while a leak was being repaired. The repairs were completed yesterday, but before turning the water flow from the Belmont pumping station into the basin he had placed a large supply of hypochlorite in it, and the first supply of water carried with it the sediment which had formed in the bottom of the basin.

### NEGRO PAYS DEATH PENALTY FOR BURGLARY

RALEIGH, N. C., July 7.—The first person to suffer the death penalty in this State for burglary is Lawrence Swinson, a negro, who was put to death today in the State prison. Six more electrocutions are to follow this month.

### ONLY 50 REFUGEES IN VERA CRUZ; 146 ON WAY HOME

WASHINGTON, July 7.—Consul Canada at Vera Cruz today reported to the State Department that only 50 American refugees were now in that city. They all came from Mexico City and are awaiting transportation to the United States. Canada reported that there were now on route to the United States besides the 565 refugees on the transport Sumner, just arrived at Tampa, the following number: On a Ward liner, 67; on a Wolvin Line ship, 12, and on the transport Hancock, 80.

### U. S. MARINES DUE TO ENTER SANTIAGO, SAN DOMINGO

WASHINGTON, July 7.—United States marines expected to enter Santiago, San Domingo, last night or this morning without opposition, a radio message to the Navy Department today from Admiral Caperton said. Dominicans were reported quiet. The Navy Department believes there will be no more fighting.

### LARGE WESTERN TRACTS OPENED TO ENTRY

WASHINGTON, July 7.—It is announced at the Interior Department that President Wilson has restored to entry 1,822,468 acres of land in northern Montana formerly in withdrawn coal lands. Areas classified as coal-bearing now may be acquired under coal land laws. Most of the land is in Sheridan, Valley, Hill and Blaine Counties. The President also has restored about 31,800 acres to entry from the Teton National Forest in Lincoln County, Wyoming, beginning September 1.

## HAIG'S TROOPS WIN GROUND IN ANCRE SECTOR

### Make Important Gain in Attack East of La Boisselle, on Wide Front

### FORGE LINK WITH FRENCH

#### Fierce German Attack Southwest of Thiepval Village Beaten Back

British troops have renewed their great offensive against the Germans early this morning and during the first few hours of fighting succeeded in making important gains. They captured 1000 yards of trenches east of La Boisselle, which is east of Albert, in addition to a number of vital tactical positions.

The fighting between the Ancre River and Montauban, which is the apex of a small salient and which lies due east of Fricourt, is particularly severe.

Southwest of Thiepval a determined German attack was completely repulsed, Sir Douglas Haig, British commander, reported.

The British gain east of La Boisselle is of particular importance, because it links up with the eastward advance of the French north of the Somme. The Germans had massed large forces on this sector and counter-attacked desperately in efforts to fling back the British line.

While the British are pushing their drive, the French are resting north and south of the Somme, apparently waiting for the British to advance sufficiently to permit them to continue their advance toward Peronne without the danger of being flanked. The French are consolidating their gains, continuing a heavy bombardment of German positions.

A great cannonade is in progress on the Verdun front, the Germans concentrating their fire at Thiaumont, Fleury and Chenois Woods.

A German attack in Le Petre Forest, near Verdun, has been repulsed.

### BRITISH RENEW BIG DRIVE: TAKE VITAL POSITIONS SOUTH OF ANCRE, HAIG REPORTS

LONDON, July 7. British troops resumed their great offensive against the Germans at dawn today with simultaneous smashes against the German lines on a wide front.

An official statement from General Haig, given out at 2:45 this afternoon, announced a striking British success east of La Boisselle, where 1000 yards of German trenches were taken, and the capture of several important tactical positions.

The text of the report follows: The new positions of the British in Bernafay wood, at Montauban and at La Boisselle were heavily bombarded all night by Germans, who used "incrimatory" shells. East of La Boisselle, after fighting in which the enemy suffered heavy casualties, we captured trenches over a front of 1000 yards wide.

We have firmly organized the new position. Southwest of Thiepval the enemy made a determined attack, but it was completely crushed. The enemy's artillery is very active in the region of Loos and the Hulluch salient. We have shelled enemy trenches and troop billets and successfully exploded two mines at Auchy and Hulluch.

During the morning in certain sectors of the battlefield east of Albert we resumed a vigorous offensive, the attacks beginning at dawn. At the same time the Germans delivered heavy attacks in the region of Ancre. North of Fricourt fighting of the greatest violence is in progress, especially between Montauban and the Ancre, where attack succeeds attack.

We have gained several important tactical successes in the vicinity of Ouilleville, La Boisselle and Contalmaison.

Northwest of Thiepval the enemy succeeded temporarily in recapturing 300 yards of trenches.

### LULL ON SOMME FRONT; GERMANS FAIL IN LE PETRE WOOD ATTACK; GUNS BUSY

PARIS, July 7. A lull has settled down upon the infantry fighting on the Somme River front.

The French War Office in an official communique today stated that only bombardments were in progress in that region last night.

During the lull in the infantry fighting north and south of the Somme the French and British have taken advantage of the occasion to organize their new positions. In the meantime, however, they were subjected to a violent fire from German batteries.

The night passed without infantry fighting on the Verdun front also, though a violent bombardment occurred on the east side of the Meuse in the regions of Thiaumont, Fleury and Chenois wood.

In the Le Petre Forest, southeast of Verdun, the Germans made an unsuccessful attack on French trenches. French guns

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